UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/936,944	09/20/2001	Thierry Sert	05221.00003	3072
22907 BANNER & W	7590 08/04/200 ITCOFF, LTD.	EXAMINER		
1100 13th STRI		BEKERMAN, MICHAEL		
SUITE 1200 WASHINGTON, DC 20005-4051			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3622	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/04/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/936,944	SERT ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	MICHAEL BEKERMAN	3622				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 M	arch 2008 and 24 April 2008					
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<i>i</i>	, _					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
discour in assertations with the practice and of E	A parte Gadyle, 1000 C.D. 11, 10	0.0.210.				
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 14,16-23 and 25-33 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 14,16-23 and 25-33 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Application Papers						
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	ite				

DETAILED ACTION

The following action is responsive to papers filed on 3/10/2008 and 4/24/2008.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 14, 16, 17, 21-23, and 25-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawan (U.S. Patent No. 6,889,198) in view of Kelly (U.S. Patent No. 6,293,865).

Regarding claims 14, 16, 22, 23, 25 and 27-33, Kawan teaches a means for reading coded data from the memory of a smart card (Figure 1, Reference 16), storage means (Figure 1, Reference 6, and Column 5, Lines 1-3), data-display means (Figure 1, Reference 10), data registers (Column 6, Lines 6-10), several different merchants (Column 2, Lines 18-20), several loyalty programs (Column 6, Lines 15-18), and means for navigation (Column 5, Lines 7-9). Kawan also teaches calculating means that calculates visit data (between 2:00 and 4:00) and bonus points (double points multiplier) (Column 10, Lines 30-34 and 45-48), and further teaches calculating bonus points from a cumulative amount spent on a purchase (Column 7, Lines 28-30). These are all examples of "counters" which recognize the particular types of data as they occur and take them all into account when forming a total cumulative amount of bonus points (cumulative counter) (Column 8,

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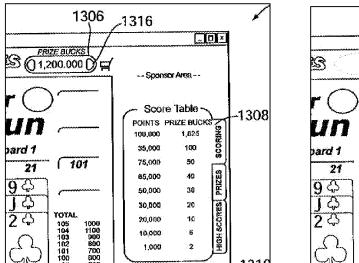
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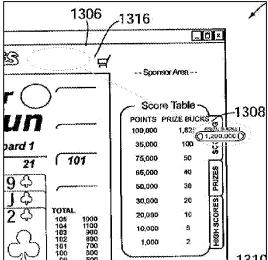
<u>Lines 9-13).</u> Kawan teaches displaying of different products and the respective amounts of loyalty points required (state of fulfillment) to obtain each product (Column 7, Lines 45-48).

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Kawan doesn't appear to specify displaying that information in the format of a graded scale. Kelly teaches a gaming system that totals performance and gives a reward based on that performance. Figure 13, Reference 1308 shows a graduated scale of number of points earned through the game (intervals), and the number of prize bucks that those points are exchangeable for. Reference 1306 of that same figure shows the total amount of prize bucks earned up to that point. Examiner considers the entirety of Figure 13 to be a graduated scale, and thus the amount of prize bucks in Reference 1306 is considered to be part of the graduated scale. Since the prize bucks are inherently updated dynamically, the graduated scale is updated. It could also, however, be argued that Figure 13 in its entirety is not a graduated scale, but a screen that comprises a graduated scale separate from the amount of bonus points earned so far. By either interpretation, It would still have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to display prizes available along with the amount of points needed to obtain an item and to display a marker indicating current performance on the same prize display (See figures below).

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The images above display taking the prize bucks counter and moving it to the applicable position on the graduated scale. Seeing as how this type of display is old and well-known for charities to use (to show how much money a cause has generated up to that point), those skilled in the art would have been capable of and found it obvious to display the graduated scale in the format shown. This would give the consumer a better impression of how many award points they have and what prizes those points could be redeemed for (in the case of Kelly, to better help those customers who have trouble linking their point total to where they stand on the graduated prize scale). The calculations of claim 16 are seen as inherent calculations in obtaining current scale level and interval distance.

Regarding claim 17, Kawan teaches the navigation means as being a touch screen (Column 5, Lines 10-11).

Regarding claims 21 and 26, Kawan teaches comparing data input with data stored and displaying the results of this comparison in order to keep information updated (Column 6, Lines 56-66).

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2. Claims 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawan (U.S. Patent No. 6,889,198) in view of Kelly (U.S. Patent No. 6,293,865), and further in view of Fox (U.S. Patent No. 5,943,624).

Regarding claims 18-20, Kawan teaches a smart card interacting with a kiosk to display loyalty points. Kawan doesn't teach a portable phone, satellite decoder, or PDA. Fox teaches a cell phone that communicates, displays, and updates information from a smart card (this cell phone is taken to inherently include GPS technology, which reads on the satellite decoder) (Column 2, Lines 21-29). Official notice is taken that wireless PDA telecommunication technology is old and well known in the art. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to not only display the contents of the smart card loyalty registers on the terminal of Kawan, but to allow display of the smart card on other devices as well for greater comfort and flexibility.

Response to Arguments

- 3. Due to the broad nature of the claim language with respect to "promotion point counter" and "cumulative amount spent bonus counter", it was found that Kawan still reads over the current claims. However, with respect to the Coca-Cola example provided on Page 12 of the response dated 4/24/2008, and discussed in the interview with Applicant's representative Brian Brisnehan on 4/15/2008, Examiner would like to extend a courtesy to the Applicant of an additional reference. This additional reference (U.S. Patent No. 6,419,161 to Haddad) appears to be more directed towards the supplied Coca-Cola example.
- 4. Haddad discusses parameters for issuing benefits in the table of Column 6, and gives examples in Column 5, Lines 32-49. In these cited sections, there is disclosure directed

towards determining an amount of points to credit (as seen in the claim language "promotion point bonus counter") based on factors including a first visit (as in the Coca-Cola example), a number of visits within a month (as in the claim language "frequency of visits bonus counter"), and percentage of a purchase price (as seen in the claim language "cumulative amount spent bonus counter"). While it is believed that the claim language of the independent claims is broad enough to still use Kawan and Kelly without any additional reference, Examiner hopes that the additional reference of Haddad will assist Applicant in

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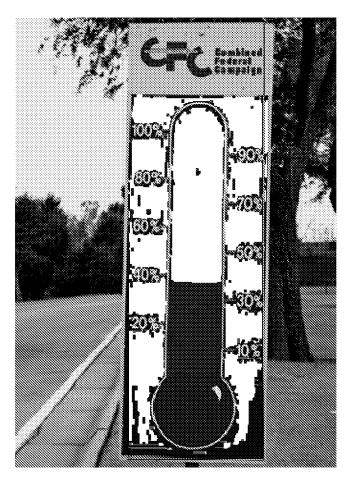
The following argument responses were supplied in the Non-Final Office Action dated 9/10/2007 and still appear to be relevant to some of Applicant's more recent arguments.

making any future decisions for this application.

- 5. Applicant further argues "Figure 13 of Kelly is not a graduated scale as argued by Examiner; it is a game user interface that contains a graduated scale and other interface components that are dynamically updated". Examiner does not entirely agree with this statement. Whether the prize bucks are displayed at a certain place beside or on top of the graduated scale (which is a simple task of moving the displayed number to a different area of the screen), or in a different corner of the screen is irrelevant. The entire screen could be taken to be the graduated scale, or the distinct portion could be considered the graduated scale. Regardless of this, the rejection was amended in the Non-Final dated 9/10/2007 to take both of these interpretations into account.
- 6. Applicant further argues "the Office Action has failed to identify a reason why a person skilled in the art would combine Kawan, a system for tracking and updating loyalty points, with Kelly, which relates to a tournament network gaming system and has nothing to do with merchant loyalty programs". Examiner is simply using Kelly to teach the graduated

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scale. Dynamically updating graduated scales are old and well-known ways of displaying information. As explained in the rejection above, one example is how charities have used this device for years to show the amount of revenue generated for a cause up to the date. Here is an image illustrating a CFC fund raiser that uses a graduated scale (that is dynamically updated as needed):



Seeing as how a graduated scale was not invented by Applicant, an argument of impermissible hindsight to come to a conclusion of obviousness in this instance is not seen as being persuasive. Examiner could have used a graduated scale from any field to reject this limitation.

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Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MICHAEL BEKERMAN whose telephone number is (571)272-3256. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 7:30 - 3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric W. Stamber can be reached on (571) 272-6724. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-

/M. B./ Examiner, Art Unit 3622

217-9197 (toll-free).

/Eric W. Stamber/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3622